

FIG.1

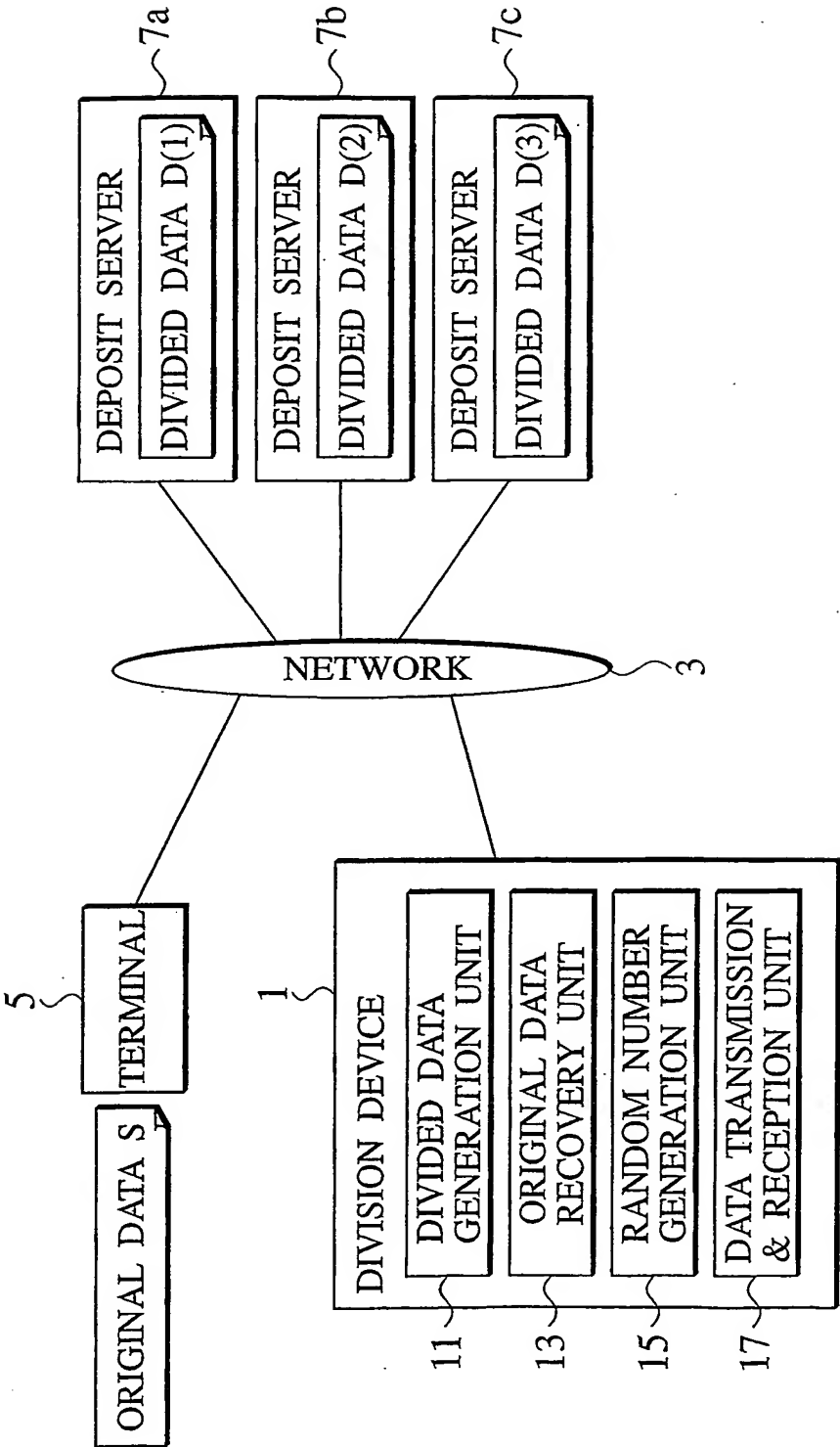


FIG.2

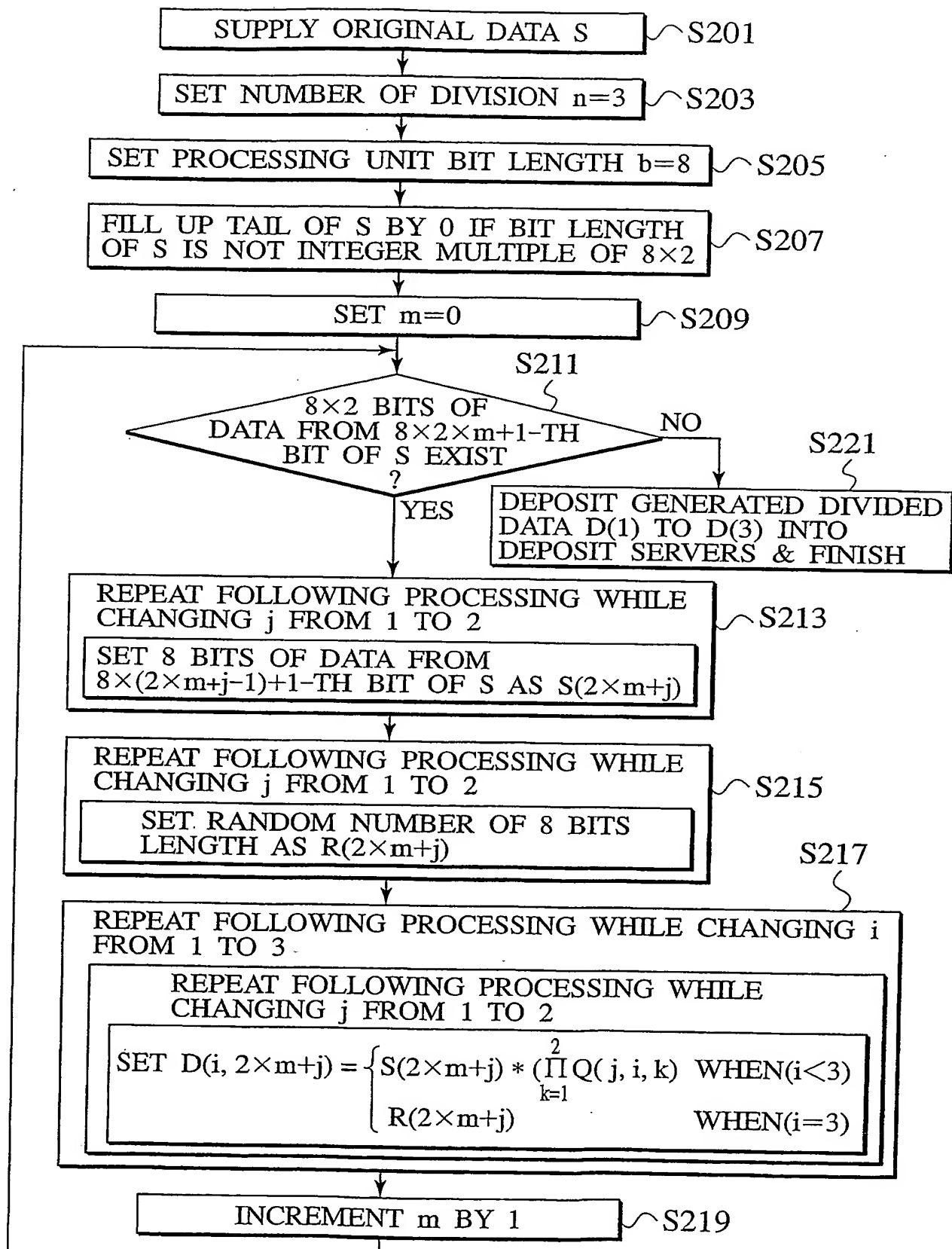


FIG.3

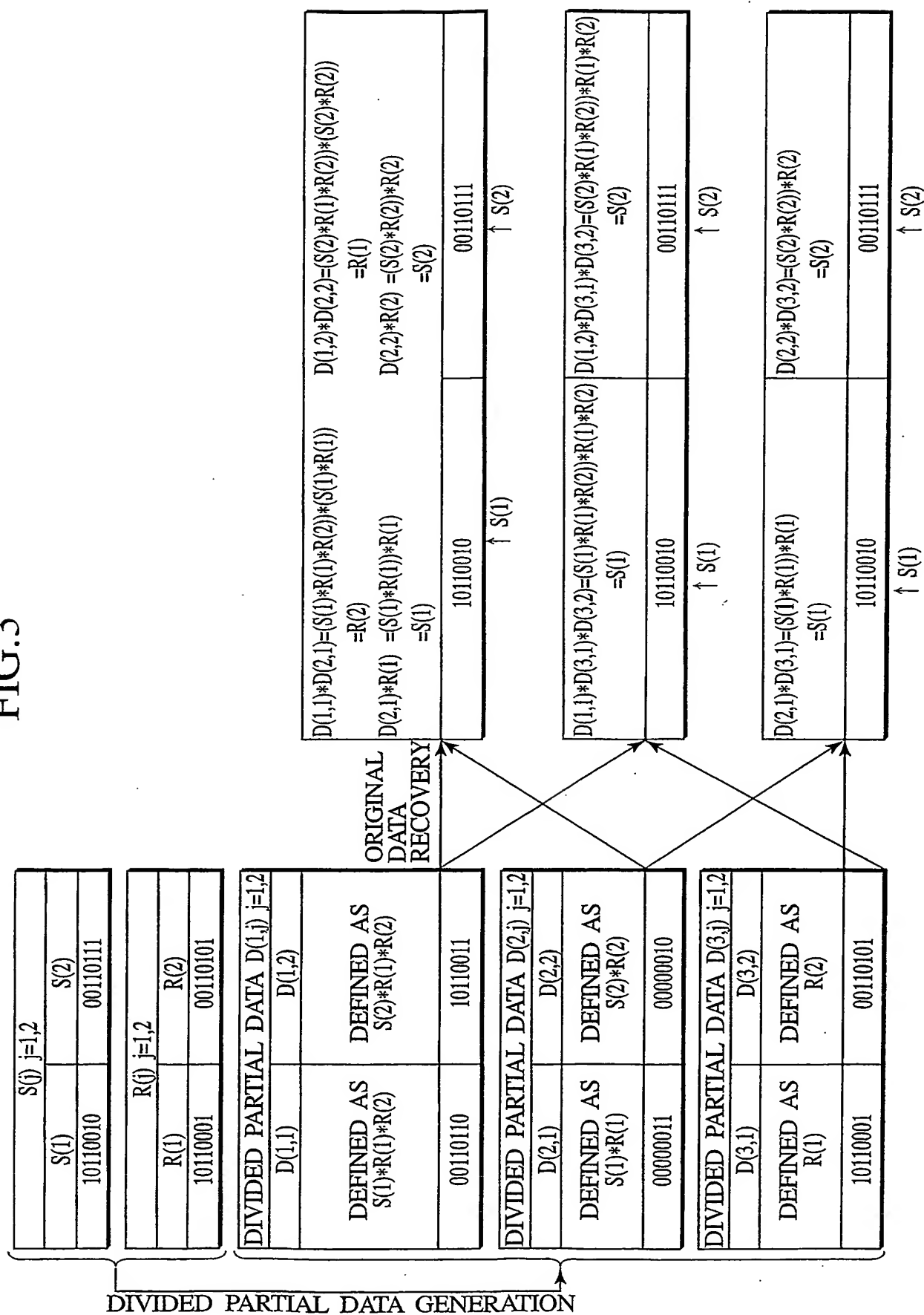


FIG.4

DIVISION INTO THREE (n=3)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM ANY TWO DIVIDED DATA

VALUE OF j	1	2	...	$j=2 \times m + 1$	j+1	...
ORIGINAL DATA S(j)	S(1)	S(2)	...	S(j)	S(j+1)	...
RANDOM NUMBER R(j)	R(1)	R(2)	...	R(j)	R(j+1)	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(1, j)	$S(1) * R(1) * R(2)$	$S(2) * R(1) * R(2)$	...	$S(j) * R(j) * R(j+1)$	$S(j+1) * R(j) * R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(2, j)	$S(1) * R(1)$	$S(2) * R(2)$	...	$S(j) * R(j)$	$S(j+1) * R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(3, j)	R(1)	R(2)	...	R(j)	R(j+1)	...

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S

FIG.5

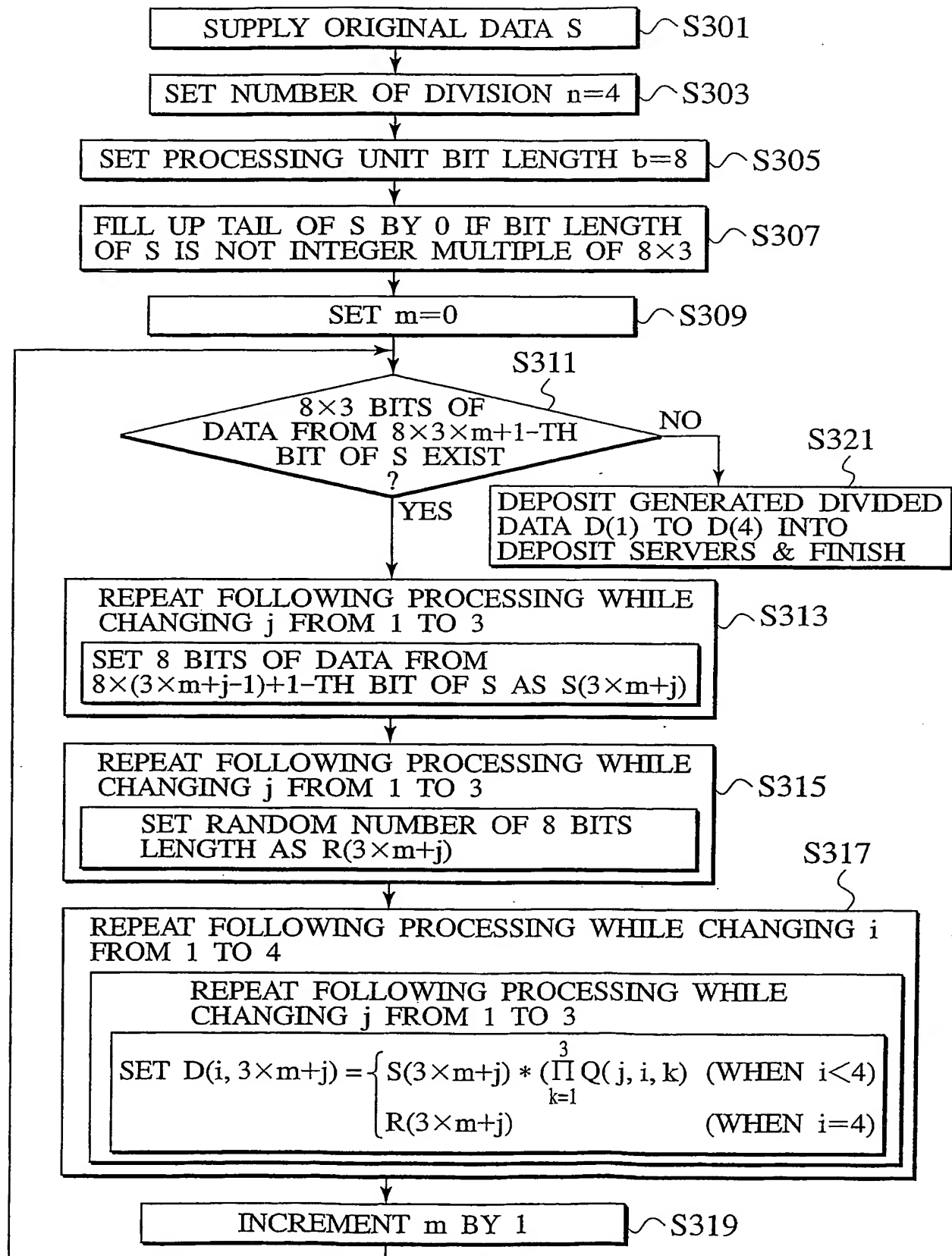


FIG.6

DIVISION INTO FOUR ($n=4$)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM
ANY THREE DIVIDED DATA(OR TWO DIVIDED DATA IN SOME CASES)

VALUE OF j	1	2	3	...
ORIGINAL DATA $S(j)$	$S(1)$	$S(2)$	$S(3)$	...
RANDOM NUMBER $R(j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	$R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(1, j)$	$S(1)*R(1)*R(2)*(R3)$	$S(2)*R(1)*R(2)*(R3)$	$S(3)*R(1)*R(2)*(R3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(2, j)$	$S(1)*R(1)*R(2)$	$S(2)*R(2)*(R3)$	$S(3)*R(1)*R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(3, j)$	$S(1)*R(1)$	$S(2)*R(2)$	$S(3)*R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(4, j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	$R(3)$	...

A

(m IS ARBITRARY INTEGER $m > 0$)

...	$j=3 \times m+1$	$j+1$	$j+2$	...
...	$S(j)$	$S(j+1)$	$S(j+2)$	...
...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	$R(j+2)$	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+1)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+2)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)$	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)*R(j+1)$	$S(j+1)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+2)*R(j)$	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)$	$S(j+1)*R(j+1)$	$S(j+2)$	...
...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	$R(j+2)$	...

A

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S

FIG.7

DIVISION INTO FIVE (n=5)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM
ANY THREE DIVIDED DATA(OR TWO DIVIDED DATA IN SOME CASES)

VALUE OF j	1	2	3	4	...
ORIGINAL DATA S(j)	S(1)	S(2)	S(3)	S(4)	...
RANDOM NUMBER (j)	R(1)	R(2)	R(3)	R(4)	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(1,j)	$S(1)*R(1)*R(2)*R(3)*R(4)$	$S(2)*R(1)*R(2)*R(3)*R(4)$	$S(3)*R(1)*R(2)*R(3)*R(4)$	$S(4)*R(1)*R(2)*R(3)*R(4)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(2,j)	$S(1)*R(1)*R(2)*R(3)$	$S(2)*R(2)*R(3)*R(4)$	$S(3)*R(1)*R(3)*R(4)$	$S(4)*R(1)*R(2)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(3,j)	$S(1)*R(1)*R(2)$	$S(2)*R(2)*R(3)$	$S(3)*R(3)*R(4)$	$S(4)*R(1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(4,j)	$S(1)*R(1)$	$S(2)*R(2)$	$S(3)*R(3)$	$S(4)*R(4)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(5,j)	R(1)	R(2)	R(3)	R(4)	...

B

(m IS ARBITRARY INTEGER $m > 0$)

...	$j=4 \times m + 1$	j+1	j+2	j+3	...
...	S(j)	S(j+1)	S(j+2)	S(j+3)	...
...	R(j)	R(j+1)	R(j+2)	R(j+3)	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)*R(j+3)$	$S(j+1)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)*R(j+3)$	$S(j+2)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)*R(j+3)$	$S(j+3)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)*R(j+3)$	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+1)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)*R(j+3)$	$S(j+2)*R(j+2)*R(j+3)$	$S(j+3)*R(j)*R(j+1)$	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)*R(j+1)$	$S(j+1)*R(j+1)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+2)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+3)*R(j)$	...
...	$S(j)*R(j)$	$S(j+1)*R(j+1)$	$S(j+2)*R(j+2)$	$S(j+3)$	...
...	R(j)	R(j+1)	R(j+2)	R(j+3)	...

B

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S

FIG.8

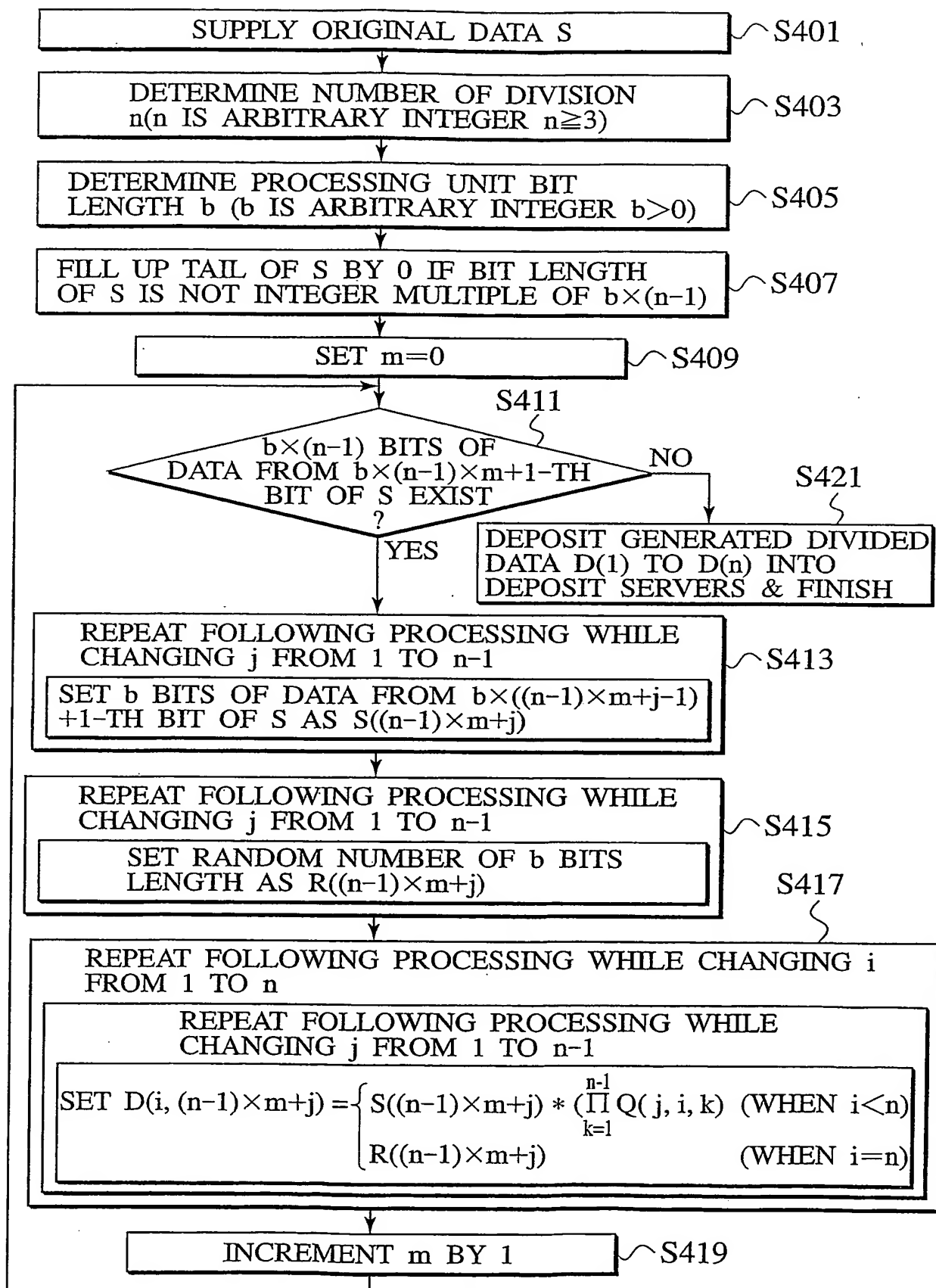


FIG.9

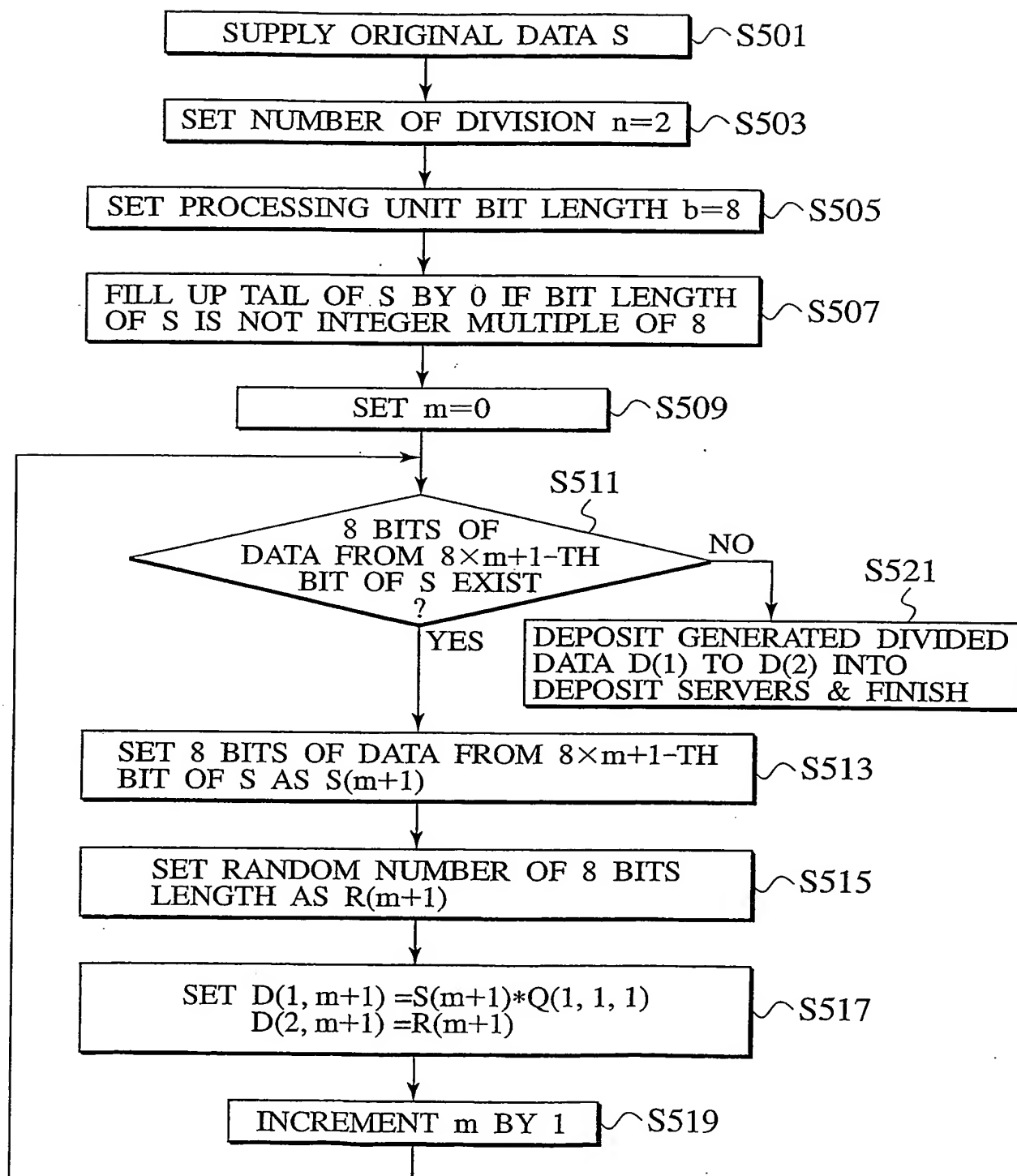


FIG.10

DIVISION INTO THREE (n=3)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM ANY TWO DIVIDED DATA

VALUE OF j	1	2	...	$j=2 \times m + 1$	$j+1$	...
ORIGINAL DATA S(j)	S(1)	S(2)	...	S(j)	S(j+1)	...
RANDOM NUMBER R(j)	R(1)	R(2)	...	R(j)	R(j+1)	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(1,j)	$S(1) \times R(1) \times R(2)$	$S(2) \times R(2)$	...	$S(j) \times R(j) \times R(j+1)$	$S(j+1) \times R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(2,j)	$S(1) \times R(1)$	$S(2) \times R(1) \times R(2)$	...	$S(j) \times R(j)$	$S(j+1) \times R(j) \times R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA D(3,j)	R(1)	R(2)	...	R(j)	R(j+1)	...

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S

FIG.11

DIVISION INTO THREE ($n=3$)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM ANY TWO DIVIDED DATA

(m IS ARBITRARY INTEGER $m>0$)

VALUE OF j	1	2	...	$j=2 \times m+1$	$j+1$	...
ORIGINAL DATA $S(j)$	$S(1)$	$S(2)$	...	$S(j)$	$S(j+1)$	...
RANDOM NUMBER $R(j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(1,j)$	$S(1) * R(2)$	$S(2) * R(1) * R(2)$	...	$S(j) * R(j+1)$	$S(j+1) * R(j) * R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(2,j)$	$S(1) * R(1)$	$S(2) * R(2)$	...	$S(j) * R(j)$	$S(j+1) * R(j+1)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(3,j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	...

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S

FIG.12

DIVISION INTO FOUR ($n=4$)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM
ANY THREE DIVIDED DATA(OR TWO DIVIDED DATA IN SOME CASES)

VALUE OF j	1	2	3	...
ORIGINAL DATA $S(j)$	$S(1)$	$S(2)$	$S(3)$	...
RANDOM NUMBER $R(j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	$R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(1, j)$	$S(1) \cdot *R(2) \cdot *R(3)$	$S(2) \cdot *R(1) \cdot *R(2) \cdot *R(3)$	$S(3) \cdot *R(1) \cdot *R(2) \cdot *R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(2, j)$	$S(1) \cdot *R(2)$	$S(2) \cdot *R(2) \cdot *R(3)$	$S(3) \cdot *R(1) \cdot *R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(3, j)$	$S(1) \cdot *R(1)$	$S(2) \cdot *R(2)$	$S(3) \cdot *R(3)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(4, j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	$R(3)$	...

(m IS ARBITRARY INTEGER $m > 0$)

...	$j=3 \times m+1$	$j+1$	$j+2$	...
...	$S(j)$	$S(j+1)$	$S(j+2)$	...
...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	$R(j+2)$	...
...	$S(j) \cdot *R(j+1) \cdot *R(j+2)$	$S(j+1) \cdot *R(j) \cdot *R(j+1) \cdot *R(j+2)$	$S(j+2) \cdot *R(j) \cdot *R(j+1) \cdot *R(j+2)$	...
...	$S(j) \cdot *R(j+1)$	$S(j+1) \cdot *R(j+1) \cdot *R(j+2)$	$S(j+2) \cdot *R(j)$	...
...	$S(j) \cdot *R(j)$	$S(j+1) \cdot *R(j+1)$	$S(j+2)$	...
...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	$R(j+2)$	...

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S

FIG.13

DIVISION INTO FIVE ($n=5$)
ORIGINAL DATA CAN BE RECOVERED FROM
ANY THREE DIVIDED DATA(OR TWO DIVIDED DATA IN SOME CASES)

VALUE OF j	1	2	3	4	...
ORIGINAL DATA $S(j)$	$S(1)$	$S(2)$	$S(3)$	$S(4)$	...
RANDOM NUMBER (j)	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	$R(3)$	$R(4)$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(1, j)$	$S(1) * R(2) * (R(3) * R(4))$	$S(2) * R(1) * R(2) * (R(3) * R(4))$	$S(3) * R(1) * R(2) * (R(3) * R(4))$	$S(4) * R(1) * R(2) * (R(3) * R(4))$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(2, j)$	$S(1) * R(2) * (R(3))$	$S(2) * R(2) * (R(3) * R(4))$	$S(3) * R(1) * (R(3) * R(4))$	$S(4) * R(1) * R(2) * (R(4))$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(3, j)$	$S(1) * R(2)$	$S(2) * R(2) * (R(3))$	$S(3) * (R(3) * R(4))$	$S(4) * R(1) * (R(4))$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(4, j)$	$S(1) * R(1)$	$S(2) * R(2)$	$S(3) * (R(3))$	$S(4) * (R(4))$	...
DIVIDED PARTIAL DATA $D(5, j)$	$R(1)$	$R(2)$	$R(3)$	$R(4)$	...

D

(m IS ARBITRARY INTEGER $m > 0$)

...	$j=4 \times m + 1$	$j+1$	$j+2$	$j+3$	...
...	$S(j)$	$S(j+1)$	$S(j+2)$	$S(j+3)$	...
...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	$R(j+2)$	$R(j+3)$	...
...	$S(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	$S(j+1) * R(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	$S(j+2) * R(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	$S(j+3) * R(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	...
...	$S(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2)$	$S(j+1) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	$S(j+2) * R(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	$S(j+3) * R(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	...
...	$S(j) * R(j+1)$	$S(j+1) * R(j+1) * R(j+2)$	$S(j+2) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	$S(j+3) * R(j) * R(j+1) * R(j+2) * R(j+3)$	...
...	$S(j) * R(j)$	$S(j+1) * R(j+1)$	$S(j+2) * R(j+2)$	$S(j+3) * R(j+3)$	...
...	$R(j)$	$R(j+1)$	$R(j+2)$	$R(j+3)$	...

D

→CONTINUED TO TAIL
OF ORIGINAL DATA S